

Outline

- 1. The Link Between Building Science and Climate
- 2. Why Climate is an Existential Threat
- 3. Smarter Climate Actions and Policies

Disclaimer

I am not suggesting taking our foot off the climate action pedal.

I am suggesting there is a huge opportunity to be smarter taking climate action.



The Great Acceleration

magnitude and frequency of change indicate that earth has entered a new geologic epoch, the Anthropocene

Source: W. Steffen, W. Broadgate, L. Deutsch, O. Gaffney and C. Ludwig (2015), The Trajectory of the Anthropocene: the Great Acceleration, The Anthropocene Review.

Climate: Uncharted Territory

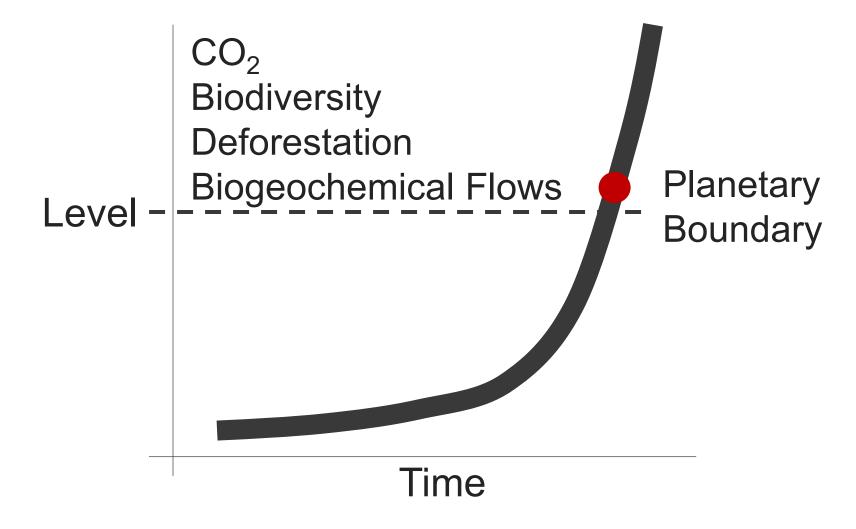


Last 50 Yrs.

have seen the most rapid transformation of the human relationship with the natural world in the history of humankind.

Source: W. Steffen, W. Broadgate, L. Deutsch, O. Gaffney and C. Ludwig (2015), The Trajectory of the Anthropocene: the Great Acceleration, The Anthropocene Review.

Climate: Uncharted Territory

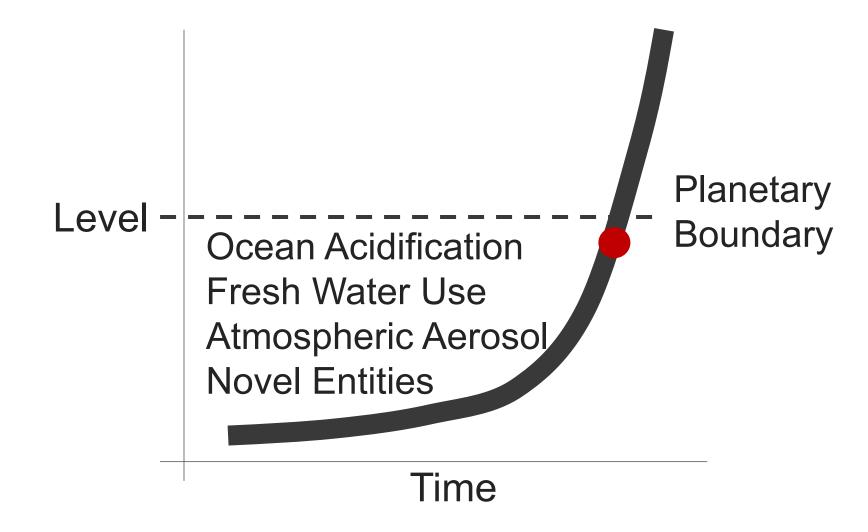


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Source: W. Steffen, W. Broadgate, L. Deutsch, O. Gaffney and C. Ludwig (2015), The Trajectory of the Anthropocene: the Great Acceleration, The Anthropocene Review.

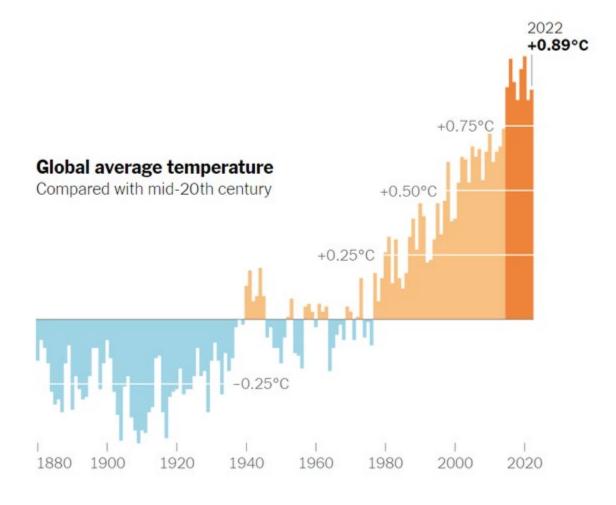
Climate: Uncharted Territory



Last 8 Yrs. hottest on record

Source: NASA, 2023

Hard Trend: Temperature Rise



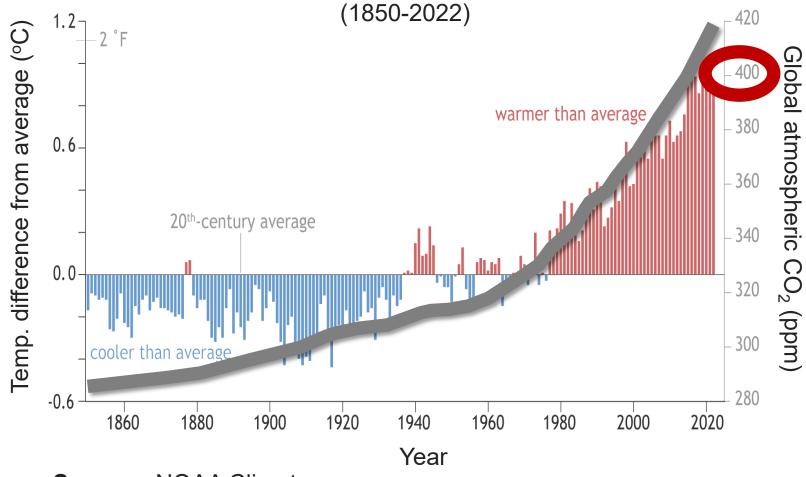
Source: NASA Goddard Institute for Space Studies, 2023

150% rise in CO_2 since its value in 1750

Source: NASA, 2023

Hard Trend: Atmospheric CO²

Yearly Global Surface Temperature & Atmospheric CO₂



Source: NOAA Climate.gov

Last 10 Yrs.

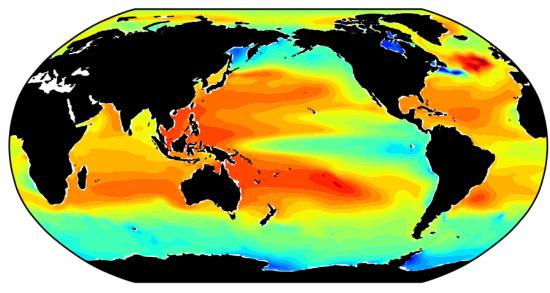
ocean's warmest decade since at least the 1800s

Source: NASA, 2022

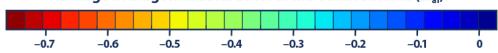
Hard Trend: Ocean Warming

Global Warming's Evil Twin

Changes in Aragonite Saturation of the World's Oceans, 1880–2015



Change in aragonite saturation at the ocean surface (Ω_{ab}):



Data source: Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution. 2016 update to data originally published in: Feely, R.A., S.C. Doney, and S.R. Cooley. 2009. Ocean acidification: Present conditions and future changes in a high-CO₂ world. Oceanography 22(4):36–47.

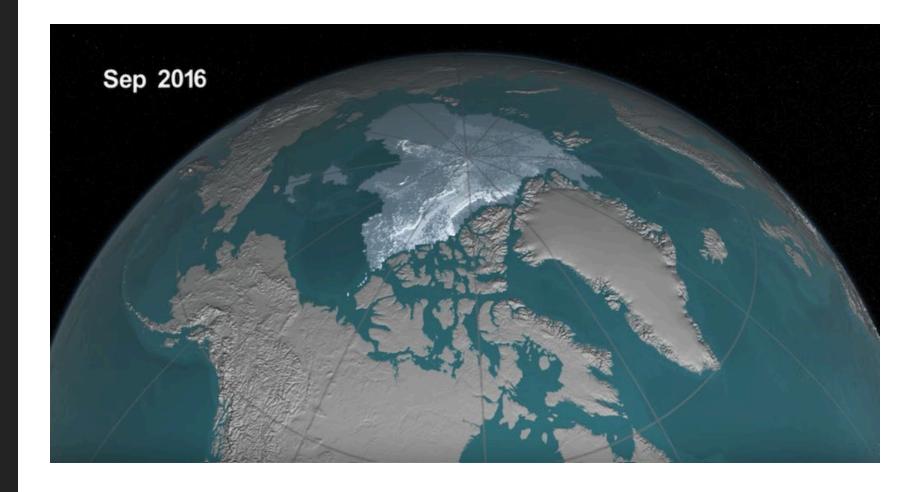
For more information, visit U.S. EPA's "Climate Change Indicators in the United States" at www.epa.gov/climate-indicators.

Hard Trends: Sea Level Rise

3X

faster sea level rise estimated in next 30 years (one foot) compared to past 100 years

Source: NOAA, Feb. 2022



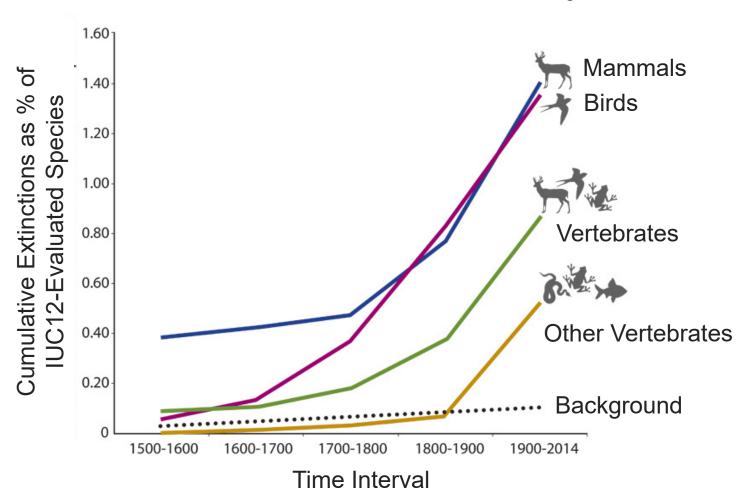
Source: NASA Goddard Institute

30 - 50%

of species going extinct by 2050, (1,000 to 10,000 faster than normal background rate)

Source: "The Extinction Crisis," Laura Ferguson, Tufts University, May 21, 2019

Hard Trend: Biodiversity



Source: Science Advances, 'Accelerated modern human–induced species losses: Entering the sixth mass extinction,' June 19, 2015

97%

percent of climate scientists say climate change is happening and human caused

Source: "Climate Change in the American Mind: Americans' Global Warming Beliefs and Attitudes in May 2011." Yale Project on Climate Change Communication, 2011

Hard Trend: Near Consensus

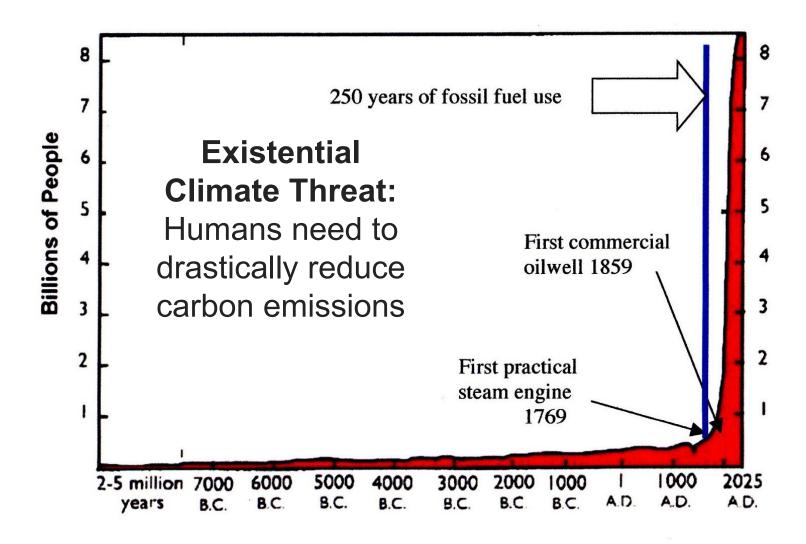
Percent Climate Scientists Who Say
Climate Change is Happening and Human Caused



Hard Trend: Population Growth

1st Billion: 300,000 years

5th & 6th Billion: 12 years





The Link Between Building Science and Climate

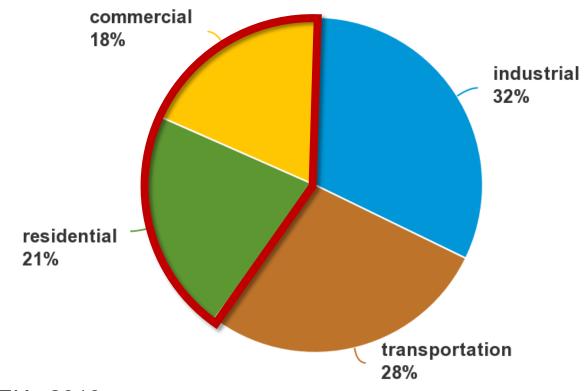
Energy Use by End-Use Sectors in the U.S.

Share of total U.S. energy consumption by end-use sectors, 2018

Total = 101.3 quadrillion British thermal units

~40%

percent of total
U.S. energy
consumption is for
buildings



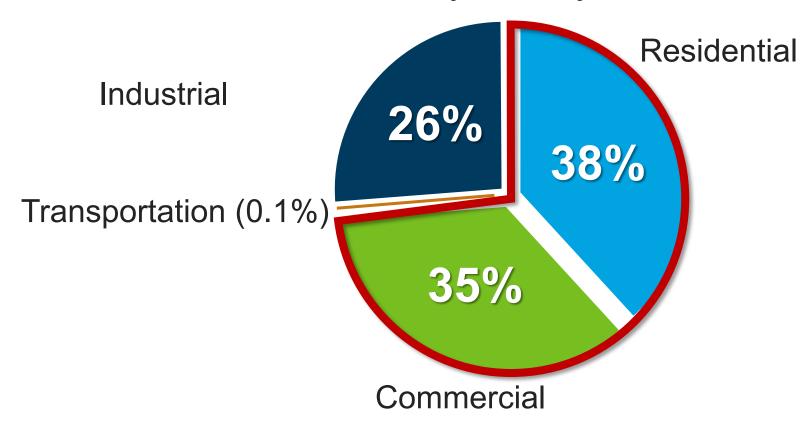
Source: EIA, 2019

Electricity Use in the U.S.

Electricity Use by Sector

~75%

percent of total
U.S. electricity
consumption is for
buildings

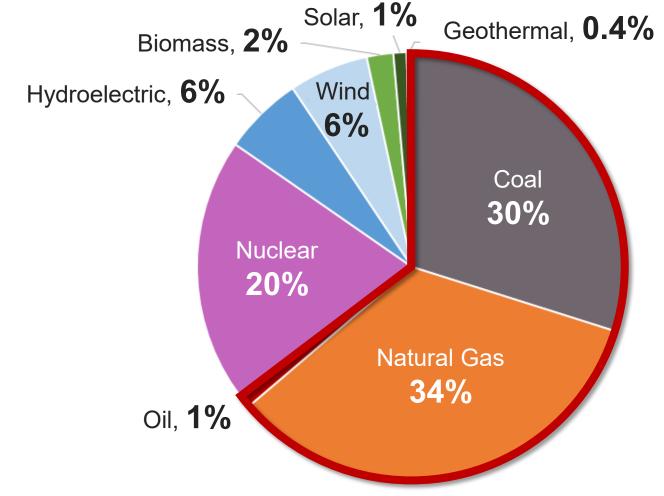


Source: EIA, 2023

Electricity Generation in the U.S. by Source

~65%

percent of total
U.S. electricity
generation is from
fossil fuels



Source: EIA, 2017

Conclusion

Low-carbon buildings are critical to meeting climate goals

Moisture Risks:

- More Wetting Potential
- Less Drying Potential

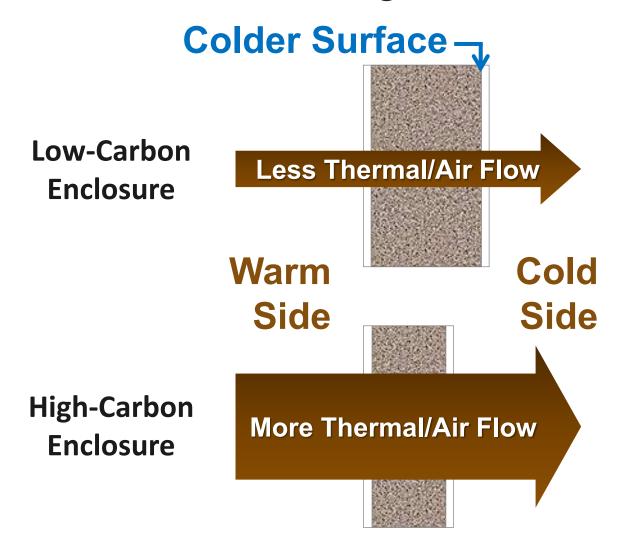
Comfort Risks:

- Low Air Flow
- Shorter Cycles
- Longer Swing Seasons

IAQ Risks:

Less Dilution

Building Science Critical to Low-Carbon Buildings That Work



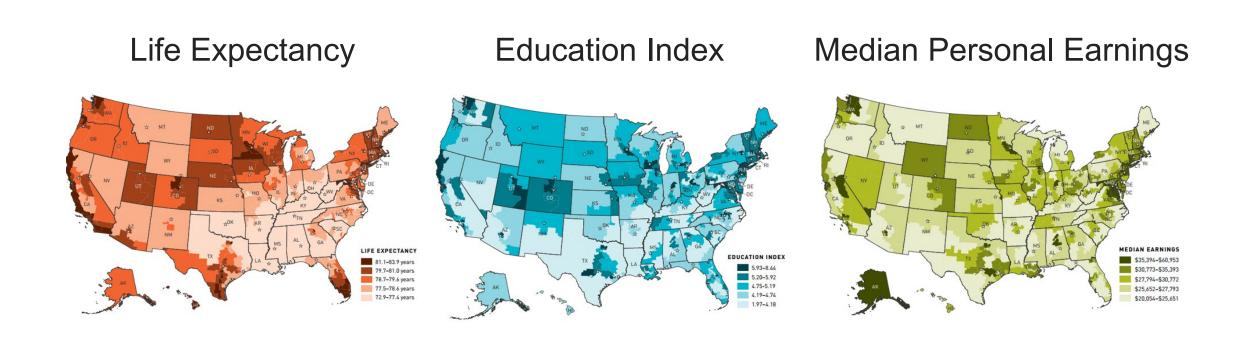


Why Climate is NOT the Greatest Existential Threat

Well-Being Measured

- Life Expectancy
 [likelihood of a long and healthy life]
- Education
 [access to knowledge based on school enrollment and education degree attainment]
- Median Earnings
 [standard of living for full- and part-time workers]

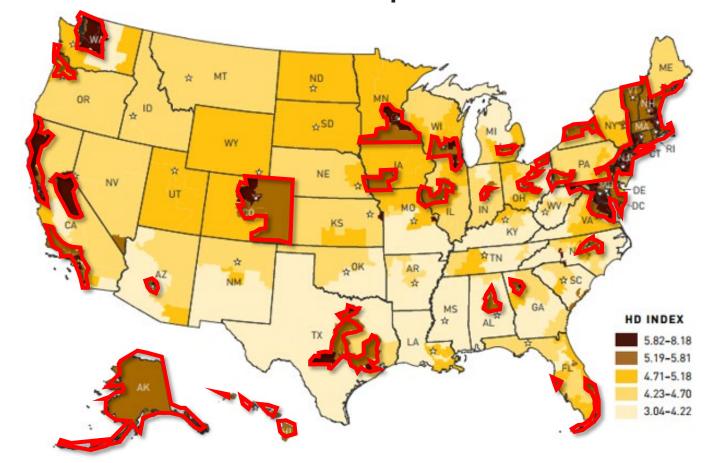
Well-Being Results by Congressional District



Source: "Measuring America: 10 Years and Counting," Measure of America of the Social Science Research Council, 2018

Well-Being Results: Human Development Index

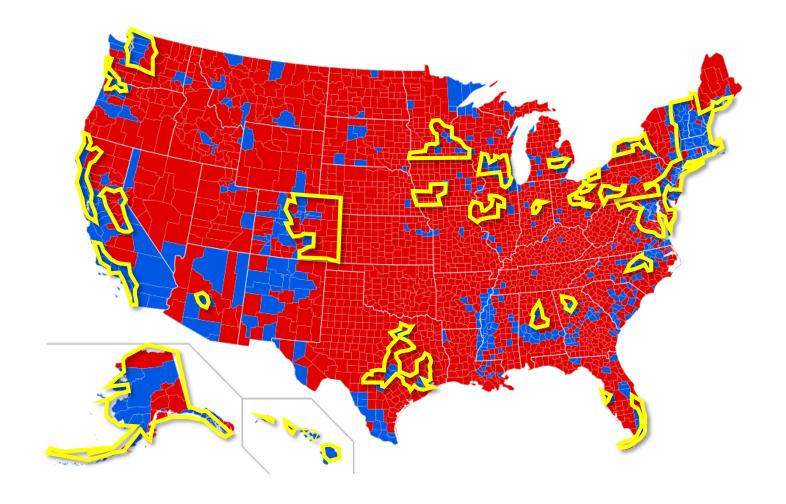
2Xgap in well-being from lowest to highest regions



Source: "Measuring America: 10 Years and Counting," Measure of America of the Social Science Research Council, 2018

Well-Being Results with 2020 Presidential Election Results:

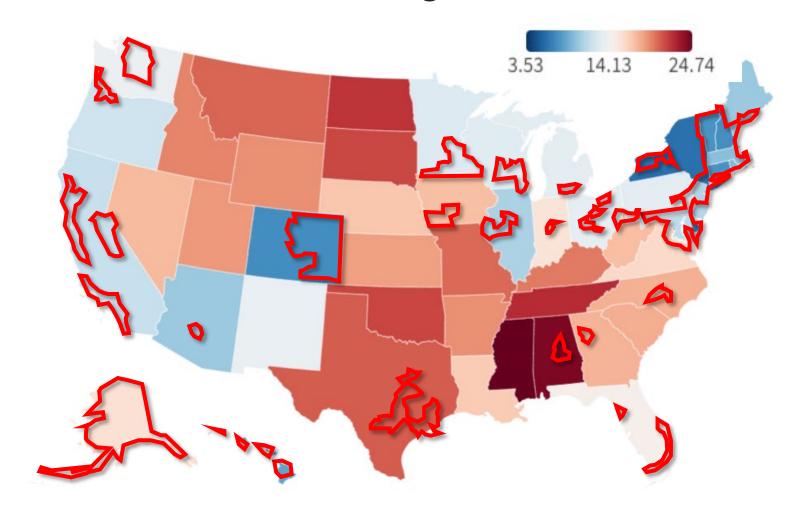
High Correlation between areas of high well-being and support for climate protection leadership



High Correlation

between areas of low well-being and climate deniers

Where Climate Change Deniers Live:



Source: "The Social Anatomy of Climate Change Denial in the United States," Gournaridis, Newell, University of Michigan, 2024

\$1 Billion

Spent by five largest oil companies on misleading climate-related lobbying and branding campaigns previous 3 years

Source: "Big Oil's Real Agenda on Climate Change 2022," An InfluenceMap Report, Sept. 2022

Well-Being Disparity and Climate is Political

There are strong connections between industries and politicians that are both stalling action on climate change and diminishing democracy.

Source: "Global Burning: Rising Antidemocracy and the Climate Crisis," Eve Darian-Smith, Stanford University Press, April 2022

Well-Being Disparity is Global Phenomenon

<20%
of the world's population now lives in fully free countries

Many attribute the rise of global authoritarianism over past decades to exploding inequality.

Source: "Understanding the Global Rise of Authoritarianism," Stanford University, 2021

Source: "Global Burning: Rising Antidemocracy and the Climate Crisis," Eve Darian-Smith, Stanford University Press, April 2022

Theory #1

If people are experiencing vastly worse health, education and earnings, it is incredibly challenging to earn their support for climate policies advocated by the government leadership and institutions that have ignored their well-being for the past 50 to 75 years.

Theory #2

Messages inciting fear and blame are magnitudes easier to hear by those lagging in well-being than scientific findings about the risks of combusting fossil fuels.

Theory #3

The growing demographic group suffering from low well-being can be easily attracted to vote for leadership denying climate change and promising to blow up the established rules, norms, and institutions that have badly failed them for extended periods of time.

Conclusion

Decades of failure to ensure well-being are making it impossible to ensure persistent and coherent actions and policies critical to managing climate risks.

Thus, "well-being" trumps "climate" as the greatest existential threat to our planet,

and can no longer be ignored in climate policies and actions.



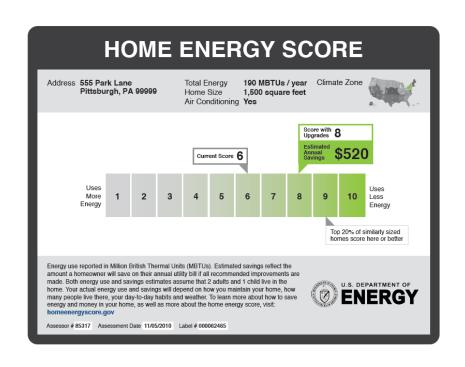
Smarter Climate Actions and Policies

- 1. Use Power Messaging
- 2. Avoid Unforced Errors
- 3. Leverage Collective Impact

Smarter: Use Power Messaging

- 1. Simple to optimize clarity,
- 2. Short to optimize retention,
- 3. Emotional to optimize inspiration, and
- 4. Universal to optimize resonance

Smarter: Use Power Messaging







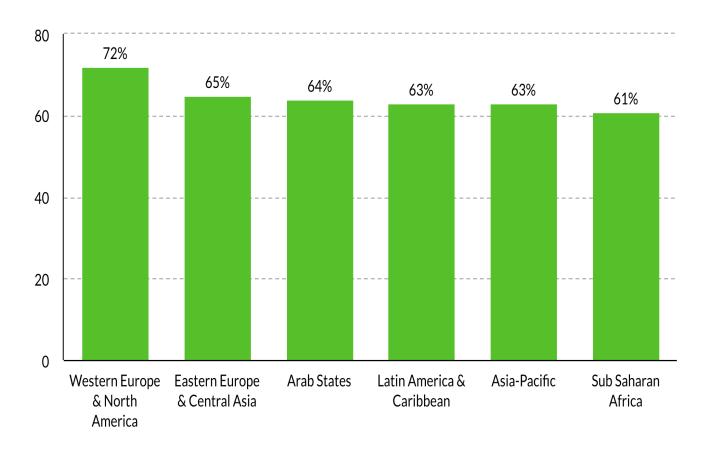
36%

of people in 50 countries do not believe climate change is a global emergency offended by climate policies and programs

Source: "People's Climate Vote: Results," University Of Oxford, 2021

Smarter: Use Power Messaging

Public Belief in the Climate Emergency by Region



Smarter: Use Power Messaging

Pivot

from "Climate Change" and all its variations to "Well-Being"

	Climate Change	Well- Being
Simple	X	√
Short	√	√
Emotional	X	√
Universal	X	√

Smarter: Use Power Messaging

Pivot from "Climate Change" and all its variations to "Well-Being"

Climate Initiative	Well-Being Pivot	
White House National Climate Task Force	White House National Wellness Task Force	
HUD Climate Action Plan	HUD Affordability and Health Action Plan	
MA Climate Ready Housing Program	MA Assured Wellness Housing Program	
Climate Research Initiative	Affordable Housing Research Initiative	
Climate Resilient Housing	Affordable Resilient Housing	

Leverage low-carbon cost and value advantages that negate the need for policies and actions opposed by half the country

Policies and Actions Opposed by Half the Country:

- Taking Away Freedoms
- Imposing New Tax Burdens

Examples of Taking Away Freedoms:

- Ban Gas Cooking
- Ban Gas Cars
- Mandate Rooftop Solar for Right to Buy a New Home

Wellness-Based Alternative for Climate Measures:

- Use Power Messaging and Labels to Communicate Superior:
 - Cost of Ownership
 - Health
 - User Experience

Examples of Imposing New Tax Burdens:

- Carbon Tax
- Efficiency and Renewable Energy Tax Subsidies

Wellness-Based Alternative:

- Free-Market Adjustment to Optimize Affordability and Health
- Leverage Existing Tax Expenditures to Achieve Climate Goals

\$4-\$6 Tn

of the wars in Iraq and
Afghanistan with the
largest piece to be paid
in the future for aging
veterans health care.

Source: "The Financial Legacy of Iraq and Afghanistan: How Wartime Spending Decisions Will Constrain Future National Security Budgets, March 2013

Smarter: Avoid Unforced Errors

Fossil Fuel Subsidies: Military Hidden Oil Costs



The Financial Legacy of Iraq and Afghanistan: How Wartime Spending Decisions Will Constrain Future National Security Budgets

Faculty Research Working Paper Series

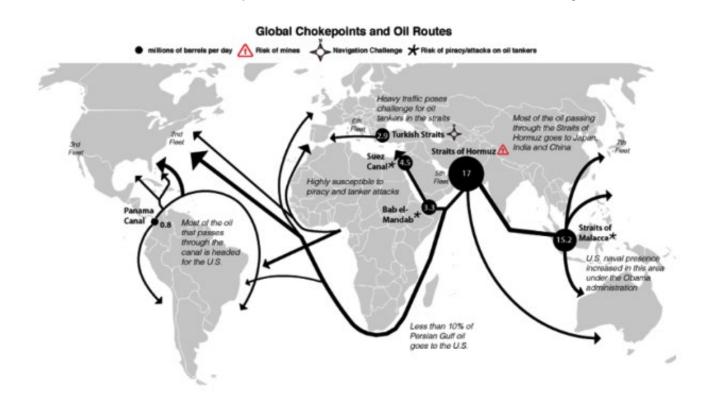
Linda J. Bilmes Harvard Kennedy School

Fossil Fuel Subsidies: Shipping Lane Protection

\$8 Trillion

spent by the U.S. protecting the straits of Hormuz.

Source: Oil Price.com, May 9, 2013



Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration

\$7.5 - \$9.8 Bn

price tag for reclamation and cleanup still needed at mountaintop removal and other coal mines covering 633,000 acres in seven Eastern states.

Source: "Repairing the Damage, The Costs of Delaying Reclamation at Modern-Era Mines," Appalachian Voices report, July 2021

Smarter: Avoid Unforced Errors

Fossil Fuel Subsidies: Coal Mine Cleanup



Fossil Fuel Subsidies: Oil Cleanup

\$7 Bn

costs to clean up Exxon Valdez oil tanker spill.

Source: International Tanker Owners Pollution Federation Limited



Fossil Fuel Subsidies: Oil Cleanup

~\$62 Bn

costs to clean up Deepwater Horizon gulf oil spill.

Source: USA Today, July 14, 2016



Fossil Fuel Subsidies: Oil Cleanup

300+

oil and gas pipelines spills per year are dangerous and have exacted a devastating toll on people and wildlife.

Source: Common Dreams, November 17, 2014



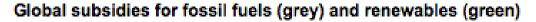
~\$409 Bn

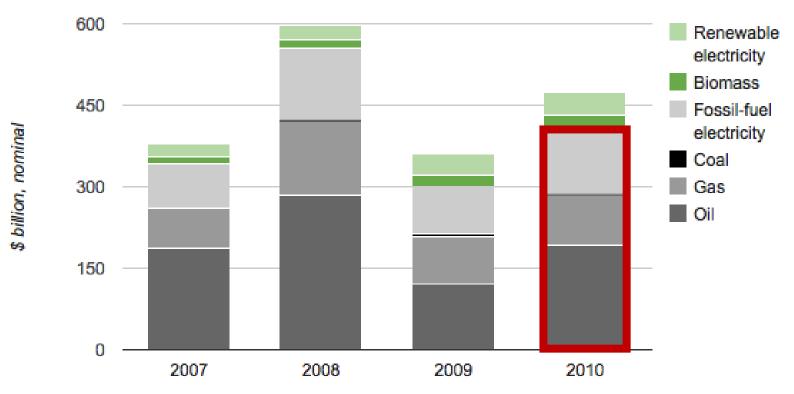
spent in 2010 supporting the production and consumption of fossil fuels (e.g., expensing exploration, development, intangible drilling costs, percentage rather than cost depletion), 3/4 of which went to the oil industry.

Source: International Tanker Owners Pollution Federation Limited

Smarter: Avoid Unforced Errors

Fossil Fuel Subsidies: Taxpayer Subsidies





~\$228 Bn

spent by the U.S. government in 2022 for reserves that ensure energy and economic security tied to or dependence on refined petroleum and crude oil.

Source: "Strategic Petroleum Reserve Annual Report for Calendar Year 2022," U.S. DOE Report to Congress, October 2023

Smarter: Avoid Unforced Errors

Fossil Fuel Subsidies: Strategic Petroleum Reserve



\$820 B/Yr.

health costs attributed to fossil-fuel generated air pollution and climate change, a burden falling heaviest on vulnerable communities.

Source: The Costs of Inaction:
The Economic Burden of Fossil
Fuels and Climate Change on
Health in the U.S.," Natural
Resources Defense Council,
The Medical Society
Consortium on Climate &
Health, and Wisconsin Health
Professionals for Climate
Action, May 2021

Smarter: Avoid Unforced Errors

Fossil Fuel Subsidies: Health Cost



\$2.8X

Jobs created by building efficiency than fossil fuels per \$1 million invested.

Source: "The Green Jobs Advantage: How Climate-Friendly Investments are Better Job Creators," World Resources Institute, Oct. 2021

Smarter: Avoid Unforced Errors

Fossil Fuel Subsidies: Economic Growth



Source: "U..S. Energy and Employment Report," U.S. Department of Energy, 2017

\$5.3 Trillion

fossil fuel externality costs globally in 2015 for adverse climate, environmental, and public health impacts

Source: "U.S. Taxpayers Have Reportedly Paid an Average of \$8,000 Each and Over \$2 Trillion Total for the Iraq War Alone," Paulina Cachero, Business Insider, Feb. 6, 2020

Smarter: Avoid Unforced Errors

Free-Market Adjustments vs. Subsidies

~\$.20/kWh

free market wellness adjustment for fossil fuel generated electricity

~\$3/gallon

free market wellness adjustment for gasoline

Examples Existing Tax Expenditures that be Leveraged to Achieve Climate Goals at No/Negative Cost:

- Mortgage Interest Tax Deduction
- First-Time Home Buyer Tax Credit

Existing Asset: Mortgage Interest Tax Deduction

Highest government Estimated effect on revenue for 2011 tax expenditures BILLIONS Exclusion of employer \$177.0 contributions for health care 2nd Highest Deduction for \$104.5 mortgage interest **Tax Expenditure** Deduction for nonbusiness \$70.2 state and local taxes Exclusion of contributions \$67.1 to 401(k) plans Deduction of charitable \$53.7 contributions Reduced tax rates \$45.0 on capital gains Exclusion of contributions to \$44.6 employer pension plans

\$1 Trillion

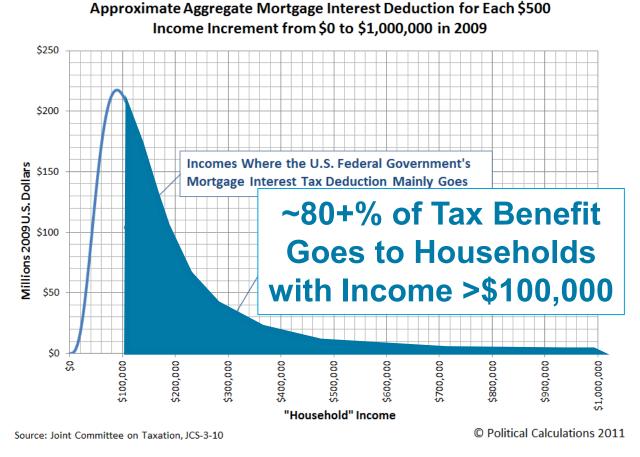
lost revenue for exemptions, deductions, credits and loopholes, known collectively as tax expenditures.

Source: U.S. Office of Management and Budget

Existing Asset: Mortgage Interest Tax Deduction

Income Regressive

mortgage interest deduction tax policy.



Existing Asset: Mortgage Interest Tax Deduction

<3%

of existing 100+ million existing homes meet current high-performance metrics.

New Homes 40% better than 2009 IECC

Home retrofits that reduce energy use 15% - 30+%





Well-Being:

- Financial
- Healthy Homes
- Healthy Air
- Energy Security

Solution: Retool Mortgage Interest Deduction

Instead of complete elimination, change Treasury Department policy requirements:

- New homes must be Certified to 'DOE Zero Energy Ready Home', or
- Existing homes must achieve minimum DOE Home Energy Score of 7.5 'as is' or with an upgrade within a year financed with EIM.
- Resources set aside for low-income housing

<3%

of existing 100+ million existing homes meet current high-performance metrics.

Retooled Mortgage Deduction Benefits:

- ~\$350 Billion \$1+ Trillion Utility Bill Savings
- ~\$90 \$270 Billion Annual Construction Revenue
- ~\$1.5 \$4.5 Trillion Additional Tax Revenue
- ~120,000 360,000 Persistent New Jobs
- ~3 9 Million Job-Years of Work
- ~670 2,000+ Trillion BTU Energy Savings/Yr.
- ~2,800 8,400 MMTCe Reduce Carbon Emissions

10 Years

transform the substandard existing housing stock.

Results:

- Elizabeth River cleanup in southeastern VA
- Strive student success programs in Cincinnati and Northern KY
- Shapeup in Summerville, MA childhood obesity

Source: "Collective Impact,"
John Kania and Mark Bremer,
Stanford Social Innovation
Review, Winter, 2011

Smarter: Leverage Collective Impact

Five Conditions:

- Common Agenda
- Shared Measurement Systems
- Mutually Reinforcing Activities
- Continuous Communication
- Backbone Support Organizations

Only 1

Earth system trend indicates a curve that may be the result intentional human intervention – the success story of ozone depletion.

Source: W. Steffen, W. Broadgate, L. Deutsch, O. Gaffney and C. Ludwig (2015), The Trajectory of the Anthropocene: the Great Acceleration, The Anthropocene Review.

Good News: We Can Make a Difference

