

The New US National BIM Standard V4:

What Is It, And How Do I Use It?



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Managing structured information is paramount to project and organizational success.

U.S. National BIM Standard V4



PROJECT DESCRIPTION

The National BIM Standard-United States" (NBIMS-US") provides consensus-based standards through referencing existing standards, documenting information exchanges and delivering best business practices for the entire built environment. With open BIM standards, we can build detailed models and deliver accurate products that can be used during commissioning and operation to ensure facility functionality throughout the life of the facility and to deliver high performance, carbon neutral, and net zero energy based facilities.

PROJECT DETAILS

 CLIENT
 National Institute of Building Sciences

 COUNCIL
 BIMC

 DATE
 May 12, 2012 - Present

 CATEGORY
 Standards

NBIMS Vision:

To develop a clear, industry-focused set of standards and guidelines that can be used by capital facility (buildings and infrastructure) owners and teams to define their information requirements, procure the services needed to successfully obtain quality information, and enable a project team to deliver a high-quality facility along with facility asset information.

Soft Launch – Today!

NBIMS-US[™] Version 4 – Related Standards

U.S. BIM Standards and Guidelines Framework

Information Management Standards

Information Exchange Standards

International Standards

International Standards Organization (ISO)

ISO 19650 IM Process Standard

ISO Information Exchange Standards (IFC/IDM/BSDD)

ISO 12006 Classification & Terminology And Others

buildingSMART International (bSI)

IFC-based Information Delivery Specifications

> Examples Coordination View Design Reference View Alignment based Reference View Future Bridge Design View

U.S. National Standards

U.S. Implementation of ISO

ISO 19650 Foreword & Annex

National Institute of Building Sciences (NIBS)

U.S. National BIM Standard Project BIM Requirements BIM Execution Planning BIM Use Definitions

COBie Information Exchange Guidelines

Future modules

buildingSMART USA

U.S. Information Delivery Specifications

Others

BIMForum Level of Development CSI Classification Systems U.S. IBD Level of Accuracy

Program/Project Requirements

Standard Requirements

ASHRAE/NIBS SPC 224 BIM Requirements for Owners

Standard Agreement Requirements

AIA BIM Contract Requirements

ConsensusDOC BIM Contract Requirements

> Owner Requirements (Public & Private Sector)

Federal Agency BIM Standards & Requirements

Other Public and Private Sector BIM Requirements

NBIMS-US[™] Version 4 – Related Standards

U.S. BIM Standards and Guidelines Framework



Information Exchange Standards

International Standards

International Standards Organization (ISO)

ISO 19650 IM Process Standard

ISO Information Exchange Standards (IFC/IDM/BSDD)

ISO 12006 Classification

buildingSMART International (BSI)

Information Delivery Specifications

Examples Coordination View Design Reference View ment based Reference View ture Bridge Design View

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Program/Project <u>Requirements</u>

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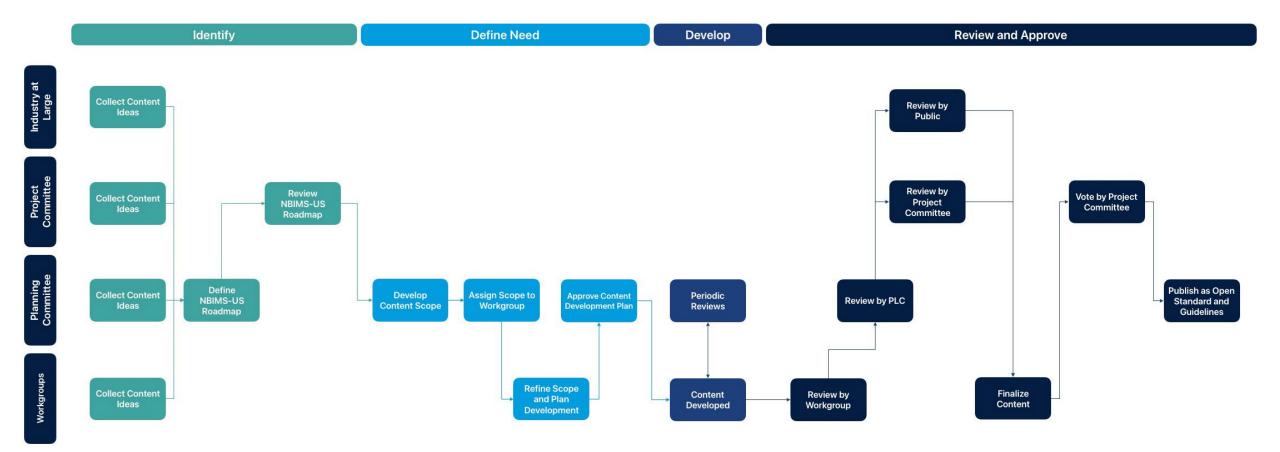
> Owner Requirements (Public & Private Sector)

Federal Agency BIM Standards & Requirements

Other Public and Private Sector BIM Requirements

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NBIMS-US Standards Development Process



NBIMS-US[™] Version 4 - Modules

Interrelated Content Modules from Workgroups and the Planning Committee

NBIMS-US Overview

Project BIM Requirements

BIM Execution Planning

BIM Use Definitions

Information Exchange Guidelines

COBie Version 3.0

** Additional content areas will be developed in future versions.

Content Types in NBIMS V4



Standards

Criteria, specifications, and processes that can be referenced in project requirements and verified for compliance



Templates

Editable templates to facilitate compliance with standards



Guidelines

Guidance documents to support user implementation



Information Exchange Definitions

Exchange definitions in open data schemas to support digital collaboration and software vendor adoption

NBIMS-US Content Structure

NBIMS-US Overview	Project BIM Requirements	BIM Execution Planning
Overview of NBIMS-US	Overview of PBRs	Overview of BEP
1 Scope	Standard BIM Requirements	Standard BEP Content
Terms and Definitions	Example BIM Requirements	BEP Template
	Guideline for PBRs	BEP Guideline
		BEP Information Exchange
COBie Version 3.0	BIM Use Definitions	BEP Information Exchange Information Standards
COBie Version 3.0 Overview of COBie	BIM Use Definitions Overview of BUDs	
		Information Standards
Overview of COBie	Overview of BUDs	Information Standards User's Guide to IE Development
 Overview of COBie COBie Standard Document 	 Overview of BUDs Standard for Defining BIM Uses 	 Information Standards User's Guide to IE Development IE Exchange Framework

NBIMS-US Overview

Goal

To provide an overview of NBIMS-US along with adoption strategies focused on the various users of NBIMS-US.

Core Content

User's Guide to NBIMS

Scope



Audience and Value

All Stakeholders:

- Promotes understanding of the purpose and scope of the NBIMS
- Outlines the framework for categorizing content
- Provides an overview of the core content types
- Supports ease of navigation and directs stakeholders to appropriate content
- Consolidates terms and definitions into a single repository

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Project BIM Requirements

Project BIM Requirements

Goal

To define the elements of BIM requirements that the owner should include in the Owner's Project Requirements (OPR), along with examples and resources to support owner adoption.

Core Content

- Standard for Project BIM Requirements
- Template language for Project BIM Requirements
- Guideline for Project BIM Requirements
 - Including how this standard relates to ISO 19650

Audience and Value

Owner:

- To support the owner's development of their Project BIM Requirements.
- To provide a comprehensive guide as to what should be included in Project BIM Requirements.

Proposer:

• To understand what to expect from an owner's project BIM Requirements.

Project Team:

• To create greater consistency across the industry.

Project BIM Requirements (Cont.)

Sample – Standard:

5 Project BIM Requirements

Each section of this Standard for Project BIM Requirements standard contains: 1) Title of the requirement, and 2) Definition of the requirement. The Standard is divided into three sections: Executive, Management, and Working/Technical.

5.1 Executive

5.1.1 Deliverables

5.1.1.1 Required Deliverables

The OPR shall require the delivery of all deliverables required by the Standard for Project BIM Requirements.

5.1.1.2 Quality Plan

If a Quality Plan is not being provided to the contractor, then the Owner's Project Requirements (<u>OPR)</u> shall define when the Quality Plan should be delivered and by which Delivery Team Member it should be delivered. See: Quality Plan

5.1.1.3 Security Plan Deliverable

If a Security Plan is not being provided to the contractor, then the Owner's Project Requirements (<u>OPR)</u> <u>shall</u> define when the Security Plan should be delivered and by which Delivery Team Member it should be delivered. See: Security

5.1.1.4 BIM Execution Plan (BEP) Deliverable

The OPR shall define when the BEP should be delivered and by which Delivery Team member it should be delivered by. See: BIM Execution Plan

5.1.1.5 Model Deliverable(s)

The OPR shall specify the deliverable format for each BIM Use. For each Model Deliverable the Owner shall provide a Model Requirement (See: Model Requirements) expectation.

Sample – Examples

1 Project BIM Requirements

Each section of this Standard for Project BIM Requirements standard contains: 1) Title of the requirement, and 2) example language (*Italics*). The template is divided into three sections: Executive, Management, and Working/Technical.

1.1 Executive

1.1.1 Deliverables

1.1.1.1 Required Deliverables

The [Appointed Party] is required to deliver the following deliverables:

- o Quality Plan
- o Security Plan
- o BIM Execution Plan
- o Model Deliverable
- o Data Deliverable

The procedures and milestones for delivery of each required deliverable shall be specified in the BEP.

1.1.1.2 Quality Plan

The Quality Plan must be submitted by [X]. The Quality Plan shall be resubmitted for approval of any changes made, and shall be included with each major project milestone package.

1.1.1.3 Security Plan Deliverable

The Security Plan must be submitted by [X]. The Security Plan shall be resubmitted for approval of any changes made, and shall be included with each major project milestone package.

1.1.1.4 BIM Execution Plan (BEP) Deliverable

The BEP must be submitted by [X]. The BEP shall be resubmitted for approval of any changes made, and shall be included with each major project milestone package.

Project BIM Requirements (Cont.)

Sample – Guideline

1.	Overview of the Standard for Project BIM Requirements	8
2.	How to Use the Standard for Project BIM Requirements	16
3.	Development Process of the Standard for Project BIM Requirements	18
4.	Comparison of the Standard for Project BIM Requirements with ISO 19650	24

1.) Overview of the Standard for Project BIM Requirements

Mission/Scope

The mission of the NIBS BIMS-US V4 is to develop a minimum core BIM standard that defines the requirements for a minimal viable BIM-enability construction project. This standard defines the elements of BIM requirements that the owner would include in the Owner's Project Requirements (OPR). It is intended for an owner to use to define Project BIM Requirements for delivery team members including designers and builders (referenced in this document as the contractor). This standard is intended to define the minimum requirements for a viable BIM project and owners may extend requirements beyond the scope of this standard to include other BIM uses or BIM implementations.

The Standard for Project BIM Requirements describes a set of conditions which when followed by owners around the country will increase standardization nationwide and define what is required in order for a construction project to be minimally BIM-enabled. A Building Information Model (BIM) is defined as *"a digital representation of* Overview of the standard

How to use

How we developed this standard

How this standard aligns with ISO 19650

ASHRAE-NIBS 224 Standard for the Application of BIM

Process:

- Define the BIM OPR
- Team Roles & Responsibilities
- Create BEP
- Manage Project
 Requirements &
 Deliverables

Infrastructure & Standards:

- Technology Infrastructure
- Standards
- File Structure
- Model Structure & Requirements

Execution:

- BIM Execution Plan
- BIM Uses
- BIM Deliverables

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BIM Execution Planning

BIM Execution Planning (BEP)

Goal

To develop a comprehensive BEP Content Standard, Guide and Templates that can be used as a standard deliverable, with structured extensions or customizations by owners and delivery team members as needed.

Core Content

Overview of BEP Module

- Standard BEP Content
- BEP Template



BEP Information Exchange

Audience and Value

Owner:

- To develop the Template BEP to distribute with RFP.
- To be able to review consistent Proposal BEPs.
- To clearly understand the BEP plan

Proposer:

• To plan BEP implementation and to comply with RFP.

Project Team:

• To plan the integrated project BEP.

BIM Execution Planning (Cont.)

Sample - Standard:

4 The Project BIM Execution Plan Development Process

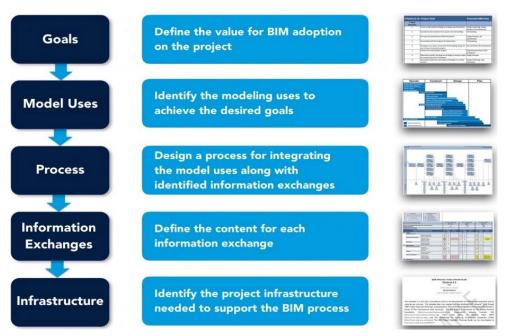
A project BIM execution plan (BEP) is developed by a project team through a collaborating process at various stages within the project deliverable. As defined by ISO 19650-2 (2008), an owner (also known as the Appointing Party within the ISO standard) should define their BIM requirements and standards prior to the solicitation of delivery team members (known as Lead Appointed Parties or Appointed Parties within ISO 19650-2). Therefore, there can be three stages within the delivery process where information related to the BEP can or should be incorporated into the project-level BEP. These three stages include:

- RFP Template BEP from Owner (RFP BEP): The Owner compiles initial requirements and communicates the requirements to the project team (lead appointed parties and appointed parties per ISO 19650-1) via a BEP, which includes the requirements on the project.
- 2. Proposal BEP: Each prospective party responding to a request for proposal will complete a proposal stage appointment BEP which includes information specific to their scope of work, incorporating appropriate items from the Owner Template BEP. The proposing party will need to identify any exceptions or exclusions from the initial Owner Template BEP if they exist.
- Project BEP: Upon selection of project team members (lead appointed parties and appointed parties), each team member will collaborate with the entire team, including the owner, to develop a comprehensive Project BEP.

Table 10: Information Exchanges

					Time of Entry	(R=Required &	D=Optional)
nformation Item	Description	Sample Data	Field Name	Field Type	RFP BEP (by Owner)	Proposal BEP (by Proposer)	Project BEF (by Team)
nformation Exchange Table	A table that defines the level of development and level of information required for the content to be included in an	(a table)	IE	Array	R	R	R
Information Exchange Name	The name of the information exchange.	Design Model	IE.Name	Text	R	R	R
Milestone	The milestone that is associated with the information exchange.	Design phase	IE.Milestone	Text	R	R	R
Information sender	The responsible party for creating the information	Designer	IE.Author	Text	0	0	R
Information receiver(s)	The organization(s) to receive the file	Constructor	IE.Receiver	Text	0	0	R
One-time or frequency	How many should be shared	frequency	IE.Frequency	Text	0	0	R
Due Date or Initial Due Date	The date that the initial (if itterative) or final (if one time) submission is due.	1/1/22	IE.DueDate	Date	0	0	R
Information Location	The location for the information as a URL.	http://sample data location	IE.ModelFile	URL	0	0	R
Information Modeling Authoring Software	The software will be used to develop the information.	Revit	IE.ModelSoftware	Text	0	0	R
Native information source format	Native data source type, e.g., a specific file format.	.rvt, .dgn, .xis	IE.NativeFileFormat	Text	0	0	R
Information exchange format(s)	Information exchange format , e.g., IFC, other open formats, other proprietary formats.	.ifc, .xls, .pdf, .idsxml	IE.ExchangeFileFormat	Text	0	0	R
BIM Use	The BIM Use that develops the information exchange.	Author Design	IE.BIMUse	Text	R	R	R
Required by Contract	A binary variable to state whether a BIM Use is required by contract.	Yes	IE.ContractRequired	Text	0	0	R
Permitted Use	The future BIM Uses that can rely upon this information.	Coordinate Design	IE.PermittedUse	Text	0	0	R
Required Approvals	The approvals that are necessary for the information exchange.	Yes	IE.RequiredApprovals	Text	0	0	R
Required IE Delivery Procedure	The process to be completed to deliver the information exchange.	The files should be transmitted via xyz with email to abc upon transfer.	IE.DeliveryProcedure	Text	0	0	R
Open Information Exchange MVD	Model view definition for the information exchange, if there is an OpenBIM model view definition.	IFC 4 Design Transfer View by BuildingSMART International	IE.MVD	Text	0	0	0
Model Element Table	A table of the model element categories with defined information for each category.	(a table)	IE.MET	Array	0	0	R
Model Element Category	The catagorical number or value for the model elements, e.g.,	Omniclass Table 13	IE.MET.MECategory	Text	0	0	0

Sample - Guideline



BIM Execution Planning (Cont.)

Template - BEP:

National BIM Standard - U.S., Version 4 BIM Execution Plan Template



INTRODUCTION

The NBIMS BIM Execution Plan (BEP) Template may be used to create project-specific BEPs adhering to the National BIM Standard. The content may be used to make an organization's BEP template or to review content from online commercially available BEP applications. A BEP has become a recognized contract deliverable. The BEP process and this documentation will help all project members achieve an efficient and effective BIM process for project delivery. UPDATES to the BEP Process The

NBIMS BEP is aligned to ISO 19650 and US project delivery. Various groups develop the BEP information. The **Owner** provides information on BIM projects in the Request for Proposal (RFP) phase. Owners providing this information in an RFP will better understand a team's capability to perform on a BIM project.

Proposers respond with a Project Proposal BEP, and the selected Project Team develops the Project-Specific BEP. The Project Specific BEP is updated as new team members begin work on the project. It is used throughout a project to review BIM performance.

Template Sections

Below are the information categories in the BEP Template. The	he tabs in this file are by category
Cover Page (Cover)	BIM Uses (Uses)
Project & BEP Summary (Summary)	Technological Infrastructure Needs (Software) (Info Sharing
Reference Information (Ref Info)	Quality Management (Quality) (QM Strat)
BIM Contacts	IM Risk Register (Risk Reg)
Organizational Roles & Responsibilities (Roles)	Model Federation and Standards (Federation Strat)
Project Phases & Milestones (Schedule)	Information Exchanges (IE)
Project Goals (Goals)	Model Elemenent Table (MET Buildings) (MET Infrastructure
Team Collaboration (Collab)	Picklist

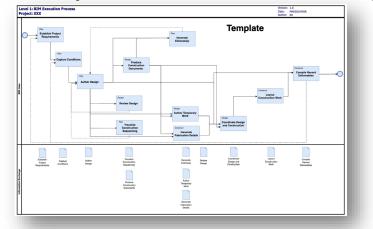
References	
National BIM Standard - United States	
NBIMS BIM Use Reference	
NBIMS BIM Execution Plan Standard Content Document	
BIMForum LOD Specification	https://bimforum.org/resource
Construction Specification Institute (CSI) https://www.csiresources.org	

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Template – Process Maps



IE – JSON Schema

Ø BIM JSOn-1.md.json

"title": "BEP v4 JSON Schema", "schema": "http://ww.nlschema.org/draft-04/schema#", "sid": "http://ww.nlsc.org/schema/BEP /v4", "type", "hobic:tu", "required": ["Instruction", "ExcluteSummary", "BEPMetadata", "BEPMetadata", "BEPMetadata", "BIM Contacts", "OrganizationalRoles". "ProjectSchedule", "ProjectGoals", "BIMuses", "BIMuseProcess", "InformationExchanges" "TeamCollaboration" "OualityManagement" "ProjectInformationRequirements", "TechnologicalInfrastructureNeed" "ModelFederationAndStandards", "ProjectDeliveryStrategyContract", "IMRiskRegister" "Goals Template" "properties": { "BEPMetadata": { "type": "object", "description": "" "required": ["BEPURL", "BEPDataFormat", "BEPVersionLog", "ApprovalOrganization/Contact", "BEPStandardUsedforDevelopment" "Acknowledgements"

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BIM Use Definitions

BIM Use Definitions

Goal

To develop the attributes for defining a BIM use, along with defining the commonly adopted BIM uses on projects.

Core Content

- User's Guide to BUDs
- Standard for Defining BIM Uses
- BIM Use Definitions Library

Audience and Value

Owner:

• To define the BIM Uses that provide value to the owner

Project Team:

- To plan for BIM Use Case adoption
- To plan the integration and progression of BIM use cases on a project

BIM Use Definitions

Background

- Various iterations of BIM Uses over the last few decades
- No consensus are what "qualifies" a BIM Uses.



Multiple Versions within NBIMS 3.0



BI	V Use Purpose	BIM Use Objective	Synonyms
01	Gather	to collect or organize facility information	administer, collect, manage, acquire
	01 Capture	to represent or preserve the current status of the facility and facility elements	collect
	02 Quantify	to express or measure the amount of a facility element	quantity takeoff
	03 Monitor	to collect information regarding the performance of facility elements and systems	observe, measure
	04 Qualify	to characterize or identify facility elements' status	follow, track, identify
02	Generate	to create or author information about the facility	create, author, model
	01 Prescribe	to determine the need for and select specific facility elements	program, specify
	02 Arrange	to determine location and placement of facility elements	configure, lay out, locate, place
	03 Size	to determine the magnitude and scale of facility elements	scale, engineer
03	Analyze	to examine elements of the facility to gain a better understanding of it	examine, evaluate
	01 Coordinate	to ensure the efficiency and harmony of the relationship of facility elements	detect, avoid
	02 Forecast	to predict the future performance of the facility and facility elements	simulate, predict
	03 Validate	to check or prove accuracy of facility information and that is logical and reasonable	check, confirm
04	Communicate	to present information about a facility in a method in which it can be shared or exchanged	exchange
	01 Visualize	to form a realistic representation of a facility or facility elements	review
	02 Transform	to modify information and translate it to be received by another process	translate
	03 Draw	to make a symbolic representation of the facility and facility elements	draft, annotate, detail
	04 Document	to create a record of facility information including the information necessary to precisely specify facility elements	specify, submit, schedule, report.
05	Realize	to make or control a physical element using facility information	implement, perform, execute,
	01 Fabricate	to use facility information to manufacture the elements of a facility	manufacture
	02 Assemble	to use facility information to bring together the separate elements of a facility	prefabricate
	03 Control	to use facility information to physically manipulate the operation of executing equipment	manipulate
	04 Regulate	to use facility information to inform the operation of a facility element	direct



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BIM Uses

Common	BIM Uses by Phase in	the U.S. National BIM	Standard
Establish Project Requirements			
Capture Conditions			
Author Design			
A	nalyze Design		
10-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-1	Sequence Construction		
	Coordinate Design and Cons	struction	
Re	view Design		
	Produce Construction Docur	nentation	
Ge	nerate Estimate(s)		
	Generate Fabrication Details		
	Author Temporary Wo	orks	
		Layout Construction	
	Compile Record De	liverables	
			Manage Assets
			Manage Space
			Monitor Performance
Plan	Design	Construct	Operate

BIM Use Definitions

Goal

Align BIM Uses and BIM Use attributes

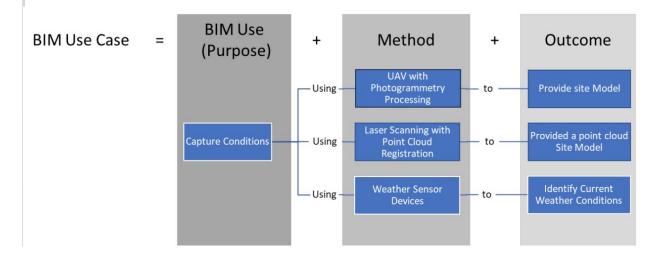
Methodology

- Workgroup made up of both Designers and Contractors; and both vertical and horizontal projects
- Detailed reviewed of BIM Use reference
- Evaluated BIM Uses
- Created a framework
- Consolidated the BIM Uses
- Reviewed by industry experts

BIM Use and BIM Use Case

Owner:

- BIM Uses the purpose for applying BIM
- BIM Use Case The combination of a BIM Use, a specific method, and a specific outcome



BIM Uses

Common	BIM Uses by Phase in	the U.S. National BIM	Standard
Establish Project Requirements			
Capture Conditions			
Author Design			
A	nalyze Design		
2-	Sequence Construction		
	Coordinate Design and Cons	struction	
Re	view Design		
	Produce Construction Docur	nentation	
Ge	nerate Estimate(s)		
	Generate Fabrication Details		
	Author Temporary Wo	orks	
		Layout Construction	
	Compile Record De	liverables	
			Manage Assets
			Manage Space
			Monitor Performance
Plan	Design	Construct	Operate

BIM Use Attributes

- Name
- Definition
- Related Terms
- Example BIM Use Cases (Methods and Outcomes)
- Potential Benefits
- Considerations/Commentary
- Inputs
- Outputs
- Predecessor BIM Use(s)
- Successor BIM Uses
- Competencies
- Methods/Tools

Example BIM Uses

1. Capture Cond	ditions			3. Author Des	ign
Definition	Collect current information about the built environment to include in a mo	del.		Definition	Develop a design using BIM authoring software with 3D and attribute information for
Related Terms BIM Use Case Examples (Methods and Outcomes)	 Unmanned Aeiral Systems to create a photogrammetric model Laser scanning to create a point cloud total station data collection to create a GIS dataset thermal camera to map energy leaks 	, .	roject Requirements Capture and monitor key project aspects and scope such as area, spatial, function deliverable, code, end user, organizational, and other stakeholder requirements Scoping Requirements, Identify Project Characteristics, Programming Requirem Criteria, Architectural Programing	Related Terms BIM Use Case Examples (Methods and Outcomes) Potential	 built environment asset/site leveraging an object library of parametric elements. Design Authoring, Design Authoring and Briefing, Modeling, Discipline Modeling, Model Generation, Generative/Parametric Modeling, Federated Design Model, Design to Mainta Product Selection, Product Library, Author Design using: Parametric modeling to engineer the Structural Systems of a Bridge Parametric modeling to configure the Mechanical Systems of a Hospital Advance additional BIM Uses as a prerequisite.
Potential Benefits	 GPR to create a sub-surface model GIS to communicate existing condition data existing condition models of terrain, infrastructure and assets to establ photogrammetry to validate QA/QC Consistency Control AI-enabled photogrammetry to establish installed quantities for payme Reduced risk of differing site / built environment asset conditions Reduced reliance on field verification Increased accuracy of record documentation Reducing the potential exposure to unsafe conditions during data capt 	BIM Use Case Examples (Methods and Outcomes) Potential Benefits	 Establish Project Requirements using: Programmatic modeling to establish space requirements. Parametric modeling tools to create space model templates for use in author Efficient and accurate assessment of design performance regarding spatial re the client. Assess the Designer of Record's compliance with meeting program requirement 	Benefits	 Improved ability to make changes and have those changes reflect throughout all aspect of the design through parametric modeling. Improve ability to communicate and visualize design intent. Improve collaboration between project stakeholders. Improve control and quality control of design, cost, and schedule. Review all client BIM Requirements. Project team members need to review model element breakdown and model progressi specification to ensure requirements and expectations are met. Model organization and element naming conventions to support subsequent BIM Uses.
Considerations / Commentary	 Ability to verify record information against as-built conditions. What is the level of accuracy of the data supporting the conditions cap Which systems (and what level of detail of those systems) is necessary support future steps within the asset lifecycle. Verify tolerance and accuracy of data capture – different tool precision varies with device type and site conditions. Data to be included within any record deliverable. Can be completed a design, construction, and operations 	Considerations / Commentary Inputs	 space requirements - designed vs programmed, equipment requirements, m accessibility, code requirements, etc. Consider client's BIM Knowledge and understand to the client's deliverable requirements should clearly identify format, data, and outcome requirements. I Project Requirements is typically performed by client / designer during the early project. If possible, review available national and international standards and be requirements from other similar organizations. Reference Database Export 	Outputs	 Best practices for modeling, such as model breakdown, responsibilities, and level of development. Owner Project Requirements Existing Historical Drawings Models Structured Data (Files, Databases, etc.) Capture Conditions Establish Project Requirements Review Design
Inputs	 Record Data from appointing party such as drawings and models. Survey data 		 Subsurface Scanning (GPR and EM) Above Surface Scanning (LiDar) 	BIM Uses	Coordinate Design and Construction Coordinate Construction Documents
Outputs	 Existing Conditions Model, Point Cloud Model, Asset schedules, Report Drawings, GIS Data 	Outputs	Program Requirements Documentation		Author Estimate Sequence Construction
Predecessor BIM Uses Successor	Establish Project Requirements Author Design	Predecessor BIM Uses	 Owner Project Requirements Capture Conditions Compile Record Deliverables (Renewal/Renovation) 		Author Fabrication Details Author Temporary Works
BIM Uses	Establish Project Requirements Sequence Construction	Successor BIM Uses	Capture ConditionsAuthor Design		

Goal

- BIM will continue to advance into new uses and Use Cases
- The standard is developed in such a way that it is extensible as additional Uses and Use Cases Mature.
- A Next Step is to provide details on each BIM Use Case

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COBie v3

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Overview and Updates Since v2.4

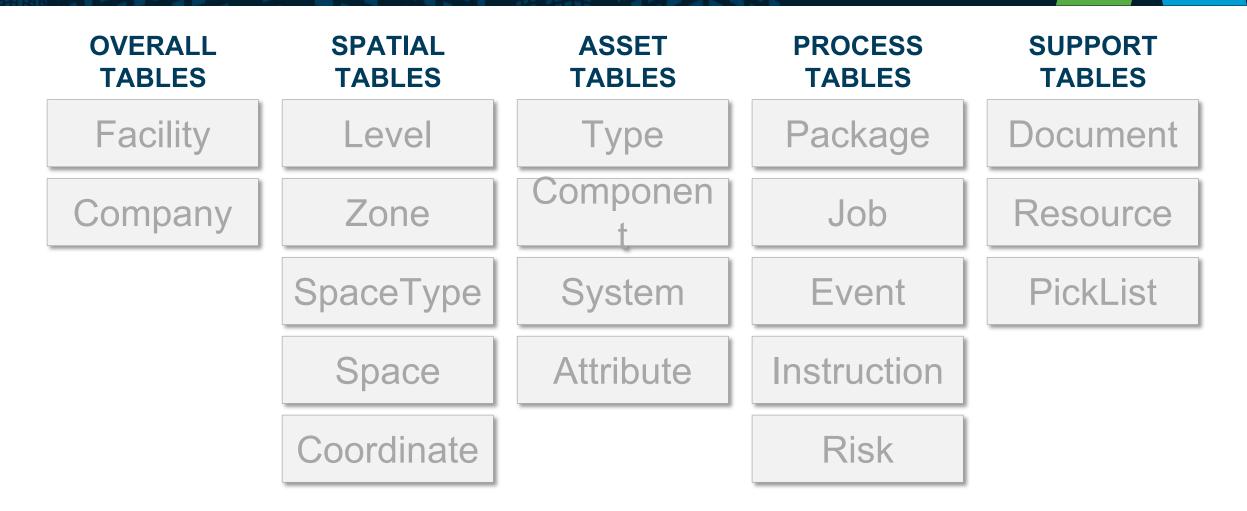
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COBie v3

What is COBie?

- Construction to Operations Building information exchange
- Data format and process standard
- Assists project teams with capturing and delivering data related to the Maintainable Assets of a facility digitally
- Non-graphic data in a relational database (tables and fields)
- Delivered at handover (though "data drops" are common)

COBie v3 Data Tables



COBie v3 Data Fields

- Some are always required
- Some are only required if they are **specified** in the contract
- Some reference fields on other tables
- Owners can specify any other **attributes** (data fields) they want

COBie v3 Formats



B2	~	$: \times \checkmark f$	x l																		
	А	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I.	J	К	L	М	Ν	0	Р	Q	R	S	Т	U
1	Name	Description	Category	AssetType	ExtSystem	ExtObject	Extidentifier	Manufacturer	ModelNumber	Warranty Guarantor Parts	Warranty Duration Parts	Warranty Guarantor Labor	Warranty Duration Labor	Warranty Duration Unit	ModelReference	NominalHeight	NominalLength	NominalWeight	NominalWidth	PurchaseCost	WarrantyDescription
2																					
3																					

COBie v3 Updates

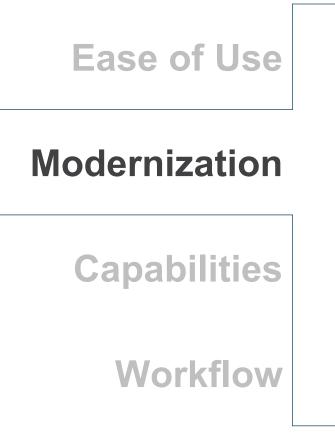


4 categories of improvements

COBie v3 Updates

 More concise documentation 	Ease of Use
 Removal of data tables rarely used 	
 Renaming of data fields and headers to better understand their purpose 	Modernization
 Resorting of headers to better group them 	Capabilities
New "Title Block" section to have all pertinent deliverable information in one place	Workflow

COBie v3 Updates



- Removal of personally identifiable information data fields
- Replacing "Floor" data table with "Level" data table to accommodate infrastructure projects
- Support for JSON format for machine-to-machine exchanges

COBie v3 Updates

Ease of Use	
Modernization	
Capabilities	
Workflow	

- Adding new "PartOf" data field on asset data tables to better understand relationships
- Adding data fields that accommodate classifying and geo-locating projects better
 - Adding a new "SpaceType" data table to better organize spaces

COBie v3 Updates

- Adding data tables to better document the activities of a facility (especially useful for handover between owners)
 - New "Package", "Event", and "Risk" data tables to go along with the existing "Job" data table

Ease of Use

Modernization

Capabilities

Workflow

Other BIM Council & NBIMS-US Initiatives

- LOD Workgroup with BIM Forum
- CSI Omniclass Classification System
- BIM Capability Maturity Model
- Product Data Requirements
- 'Cyber-Security and Digital Delivery'
- Digital Twin Integration Sub-Committee

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NBIMS-US™ PROVIDE THROUGH REFERENCING INFORMATION EXCHANO PRACTICES FOR TH	EXISTING STANDA	RDS, DOCUMENT			
ACCESS THE STANDARD Build detailed models then deliver accurate products th	رہ ہے	GET NBIMS GUIDA		Eacility	

Managers, Maintenance Engineers - essentially anyone

with these guidance and training resources.

involved in a facility can jump into implementing the NBIMS

can be used during commissioning and operation to ensure

facility functionality throughout the life of the facility and to

deliver high performance facilities. MORE

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NATIONAL BIM STANDARD-UNITED STATES® VERSION 4

The purpose of the National BIM Standard-United States® (NBIMS-US[™]) is to advance the art and science of the entire life-cycle of the vertical and horizontal built environment by providing a means of organizing and classifying electronic object data and thereby fostering streamlined communication among owners, designers, material suppliers, constructors, facility managers, and all stakeholders associated with the built environment.

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PROJECT BIM REQUIREMENTS (PBR)	
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BIM USE DEFINITIONS (BUD)	
CONSTRUCTION TO OPERATIONS BUILDING INFORMATION EXCHANGE (COBie) v3	



NBIMS-US Version 4

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NATIONAL BIM STANDARD United States®		ABOUT STANDARD	CONTACT Q
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SUMMARY

A Project BIM Execution Plan (BEP) is a foundational planning document to define the implementation strategy for BIM on a project. BIM Execution Planning is crucial for successfully implementing BIM on a project. This standard defines an approach to developing and expanding a BEP at several stages: the owner outlines BIM needs in the request for proposal, proposing parties submit a Proposal BEP, and then the chosen team collaborates on developing a Project BEP. This progression of developing a detailed BEP ensures that all parties explore BIM opportunities to meet project goals, maximize the value of the BIM process and deliverables, and minimize waste during the project.

WHY IS THIS STANDARD IMPORTANT?

By developing a BEP, the project and project team members can achieve the following value:

- All parties will clearly understand and communicate the strategic goals for implementing BIM on the project.
- Organizations will understand their roles and responsibilities.
- · The team will be able to design an execution process that is well-suited for each team member's business practices and typical organizational workflows.
- The plan will outline additional resources, training, or other competencies necessary to successfully implement BIM for the intended uses.
- The plan will provide a benchmark for describing the process to future participants who join the project.



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	PROJECT BIM EXECUTION PLANNING (BEP) STANDARD
TABLE OF CONTENTS	FOREWARD Ø
FOREWARD	A Project BIM Execution Plan (BEP) is a foundational planning document to define the implementation strategy for BIM on a project. This is the second version of a BIM Execution Planning Standard in the U.S. National BIM Standard. The
INTRODUCTION	first version was approved for NBIMS-US Version 2.0. This version has significant revisions and replaces the first version. The main changes include a clear definition of both required and optional content elements for a BEP at
1 SCOPE	various stages in the delivery process. It includes a phased approach to BEP development, including owner requirements and infrastructure templates.
2 REFERENCE DOCUMENTS FOR USE IN BEP DEVELOPMENT	This document was prepared by the BIM Execution Planning (BEP) Workgroup of the National BIM Standard Project. In addition to this standard, NBIMS-US includes a BEP Standard User's Guide, a Guide to Developing a BEP, a BEP
3 TERMS AND DEFINITIONS	Template, and an information exchange definition for digitally transacting a BEP from one software product to another.
4 THE PROJECT BIM EXECUTION PLAN DEVELOPMENT PROCESS	
5 INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS FOR A PROJECT BIM EXECUTION PLAN	This BIM Execution Plan (BEP) Standard defines a sequence of activities and information requirements to be supplied by the various participants when developing a project-level Building Information Management (BIM) Execution Plan
5.1 BEP METADATA AND CLARIFICATIONS	(hereinafter referred to as the BEP). This Standard is for all participants supporting BIM use on a project.



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Call to Action: Volunteer for the Next Version

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